

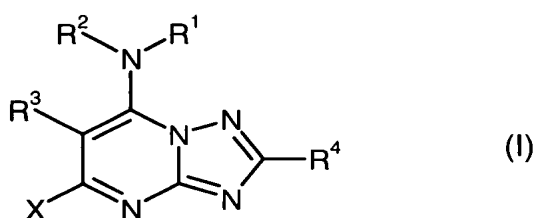
## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

Please change the heading at page 49, line 1, from "Claims" to --WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:--

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions of claims in the application.

Claims 1-10 (canceled)

-- Claim 11 (new): A triazolopyrimidine of formula (i)



in which

- R<sup>1</sup>** represents H, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted alkenyl, optionally substituted alkynyl, optionally substituted cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted heterocyclyl; or represents an organic radical that contains 3 to 13 carbon atoms and one or more silicon atoms and, optionally, 1 to 3 identical or different heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen, and sulfur, and that is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 to 4 identical or different halogens;
- R<sup>2</sup>** represents an organic radical that contains 3 to 13 carbon atoms and one or more silicon atoms and, optionally, 1 to 3 identical or different heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen, and sulfur, and that is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 to 4 identical or different halogens, or
- R<sup>1</sup>** and **R<sup>2</sup>** together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached represent an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring that contains one or more silicon atoms and/or is substituted by one or more radicals **R<sup>2</sup>**,
- R<sup>3</sup>** represents optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heterocyclyl, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted alkenyl, optionally substituted alkynyl, optionally substituted cycloalkyl optionally substituted

aralkyl, optionally substituted amino, optionally substituted (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-alkoxy, optionally substituted (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-alkylthio, optionally substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)-aryloxy, optionally substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)-arylthio, optionally substituted heterocycloxy, optionally substituted heterocycloxy, optionally substituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)-aryl-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, optionally substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)-aryl-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkylthio, optionally substituted heterocyclyl-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, or optionally substituted heterocyclyl-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkylthio;

R<sup>4</sup> represents H, halogen, optionally halogen-substituted alkyl, or optionally halogen-substituted cycloalkyl, and

X represents halogen, cyano, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted alkoxy, or optionally substituted phenyl.

Claim 12 (new): A triazolopyrimidine of formula (I) as claimed in Claim 11 where

R<sup>1</sup> represents H; represents alkyl having 1 to 6 carbon atoms that is optionally mono- to pentasubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, cyano, hydroxy, alkoxy having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, and cycloalkyl having 3 to 8 carbon atoms; represents alkenyl having 2 to 6 carbon atoms that is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, cyano, hydroxy, alkoxy having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, and cycloalkyl having 3 to 8 carbon atoms; represents alkynyl having 3 to 6 carbon atoms that is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, cyano, alkoxy having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, and cycloalkyl having 3 to 8 carbon atoms; represents cycloalkyl having 3 to 8 carbon atoms that is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen and alkyl having 1 to 4 carbon atoms; represents saturated or unsaturated heterocyclyl having 3 to 8 ring members and 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur, where the heterocyclyl is optionally mono- or disubstituted by halogen, alkyl having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, cyano, and/or cycloalkyl having 3 to 8 carbon atoms; or represents an aliphatic saturated or unsaturated group having 1 to 13 carbon atoms and one or more silicon

atoms that optionally contains 1 to 3 identical or different heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur, and nitrogen and that is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 to 4 identical or different halogen atoms,

R<sup>2</sup> represents an aliphatic saturated or unsaturated group having 1 to 13 carbon atoms and one or more silicon atoms that optionally contains 1 to 3 identical or different heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur, and nitrogen and which is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 to 4 identical or different halogen atoms, or

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached represent a saturated or unsaturated heterocyclic ring having 3 to 8 ring members that contains one or more silicon atoms and/or is substituted by one or more radicals R<sup>2</sup>, where the heterocycle optionally contains a further nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur atom as ring member and where the heterocycle is optionally substituted up to three times by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, alkyl having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, and/or haloalkyl having 1 to 4 carbon atoms and 1 to 9 fluorine and/or chlorine atoms,

R<sup>3</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl, or phenyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-alkyl, where each such group is unsubstituted or partly or fully halogenated and/or optionally carries one to three radicals R<sup>X</sup>; represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-halogenalkyl that optionally carries one to three radicals R<sup>X</sup>; represents phenyl that is optionally mono- to tetrasubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, cyano, nitro, amino, hydroxy, formyl, carboxy, carbamoyl, and thiocarbamoyl, of straight-chain or branched alkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, and alkylsulfonyl having in each case 1 to 6 carbon atoms, of straight-chain or branched alkenyl and alkenyloxy having in each case 2 to 6 carbon atoms, of straight-chain or branched haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, haloalkylthio, haloalkylsulfinyl, and haloalkylsulfonyl having in each case 1 to 6 carbon atoms and 1 to 13 identical or different halogen atoms, of straight-chain or branched haloalkenyl and haloalkenyloxy having in each case 2 to 6 carbon atoms and 1 to 11 identical or different halogen atoms, of straight-chain or branched alkylamino, dialkylamino, alkylcarbonyl, alkylcarbonyloxy, alkoxycarbonyl,

alkylsulfonyloxy, hydroximinoalkyl, and alkoximinoalkyl having in each case 1 to 6 carbon atoms in the individual alkyl moieties, of cycloalkyl having 3 to 8 carbon atoms, and of 2,3-attached 1,3-propanediyl, 1,4-butanediyl, methylenedioxy (-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-), and 1,2-ethylenedioxy (-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-), each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, alkyl having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, and haloalkyl having 1 to 4 carbon atoms and 1 to 9 identical or different halogen atoms; represents saturated or unsaturated heterocyclyl having 3 to 8 ring members and 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur, where the heterocyclyl is optionally mono- or disubstituted by halogen, alkyl having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkylthio having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, haloalkoxy having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, haloalkylthio having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, cyano, nitro, and/or cycloalkyl having 3 to 6 carbon atoms; or represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkylamino, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkenylamino, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkynylamino, di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkylamino, di-C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkenylamino, di-C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkynylamino, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkenyl-(C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-alkynylamino, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-alkylamino, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkenyl-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-alkylamino, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-arylamino, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-aryl-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-alkylamino, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-aryl-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-alkylamino, heterocyclyl-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-alkylamino, or heterocyclyl-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-alkylamino;

where R<sup>x</sup> represents cyano, nitro, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-halogenalkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-halogenalkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-halogenalkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino, di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyloxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyloxy, or represents optionally halogenated oxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkeneoxy, oxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkenyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, or oxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyloxy,

- R<sup>4</sup> represents H, halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl that is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more halogen atoms, or cyclopropyl that is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more halogen atoms, and
- X represents fluorine, chlorine, bromine, CN, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl that is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more fluorine or chlorine atoms, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy that is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more fluorine or chlorine atoms, or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkylthio that is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more fluorine or chlorine atoms.

Claim 13 (new): A triazolopyrimidine of formula (I) as claimed in Claim 11 where

- R<sup>1</sup> represents hydrogen, methyl, or ethyl,
- R<sup>2</sup> represents a group of the formula Y<sup>2</sup>-Si(O<sub>m</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)(O<sub>n</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)(O<sub>p</sub>Y<sup>3</sup>),  
where  
m, n, and p independently of one another represent 0 or 1;
- Y<sup>2</sup> represents a bond or alkanediyl, alkenediyl, or alkynediyl, each of which is straight-chain or branched, has 1 to 6 or 2 to 6 carbon atoms, is optionally interrupted by one or two nonadjacent oxygen atoms, and is unsubstituted or substituted by one to three identical or different halogen atoms; and
- Y<sup>3</sup> represents straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkenyl having 1 to 5 or 2 to 5 carbon atoms, optionally interrupted by an oxygen-nitrogen or sulfur atom and unsubstituted or substituted by 1 to 3 identical or different halogen atoms;
- R<sup>3</sup> represents (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-cycloalkyl, or benzyl; represents phenyl that is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, nitro, formyl, methyl, ethyl, n- or i-propyl, n-, i-, s-, or t-butyl, allyl, propargyl, methoxy, ethoxy, n- or i-propoxy, methylthio, ethylthio, n- or i-propylthio, methylsulfinyl, ethylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, allyloxy, propargyloxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoroethyl, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, difluorochloromethoxy, trifluoroethoxy, difluoromethylthio, difluorochloromethylthio, trifluoromethylthio, trifluoromethylsulfinyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl,

trichloroethynyloxy, trifluoroethynyloxy, chloroallyloxy, iodopropargyloxy, methylamino, ethylamino, n- or i-propylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, acetyl, propionyl, acetyloxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, hydroximinomethyl, hydroximinomethyl, methoximinomethyl, ethoximinomethyl, methoximinomethyl, ethoximinomethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, and cyclohexyl, and of 2,3-attached 1,3-propanediyl, 1,4-butanediyl, methylenedioxy (-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-), and 1,2-ethylenedioxy (-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-), each of which is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, i-propyl, and trifluoromethyl; represents pyridyl that is attached in the 2- or 4-position and is optionally mono- to tetrasubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, nitro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, methylthio, hydroximinomethyl, hydroximinomethyl, methoximinomethyl, methoximinomethyl, and trifluoromethyl; represents pyrimidyl that is attached in the 2- or 4-position and is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, nitro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, methylthio, hydroximinomethyl, hydroximinomethyl, methoximinomethyl, methoximinomethyl, and trifluoromethyl; represents thienyl that is attached in the 2- or 3-position and is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, nitro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, methylthio, hydroximinomethyl, hydroximinomethyl, methoximinomethyl, methoximinomethyl, and trifluoromethyl; represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkylamino or di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkylamino; represents thiazolyl that is attached in the 2-, 4- or 5-position and is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, nitro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, methylthio, hydroximinomethyl, hydroximinomethyl, methoximinomethyl, methoximinomethyl, and trifluoromethyl; or represents N-piperidinyl, N-tetrazolyl, N-pyrazolyl, N-imidazolyl, N-1,2,4-triazolyl, N-pyrrolyl, or N-morpholinyl, each of which is unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, nitro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, methylthio,

hydroximinomethyl, hydroximinoethyl, methoximinomethyl, methoximinoethyl, and trifluoromethyl,

R<sup>4</sup> represents H, Cl, F, CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, or cyclopropyl; and

X represents F, Cl, CN, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl that is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more fluorine or chlorine atoms, OCH<sub>3</sub>, or SCH<sub>3</sub>.

Claim 14 (new): A triazolopyrimidine of formula (I) as claimed in Claim 11, where

R<sup>1</sup> represents H;

R<sup>2</sup> represents SiMe<sub>3</sub>, SiMe<sub>2</sub>Et, SiMe<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, SiMe<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, SiMe<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CMe<sub>3</sub>, SiMe<sub>2</sub>OCHMe<sub>2</sub>, SiMe<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>Et, CH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>OMe, CH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>OCHMe<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, CHMeSiMe<sub>3</sub>, CHMeSiMe<sub>2</sub>OMe, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>3</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>Et, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>CMe<sub>3</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Me, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CMe<sub>3</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>OCHMe<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, CHMeCH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>3</sub>, CHMeCH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>Et, CHMeCH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Me, CHMeCH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, CHMeCH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>CMe<sub>3</sub>, CHMeCH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, CFMeCH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>3</sub>, CHMeCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>OMe, CHMeCH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>OCHMe<sub>2</sub>, CHMeCH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CHMeSiMe<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CHMeSiMe<sub>2</sub>Et, CH<sub>2</sub>CHMeSiMe<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, CHMeCHMeSiMe<sub>3</sub>, CMe<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>3</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>SiMe<sub>3</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>Et, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>OMe, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>OCHMe<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, CHMeCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>3</sub>, CHMeCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>Et, CHMeCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>, CHMeCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>OMe, CHMeCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>OCHMe<sub>2</sub>, CMe=CHSiMe<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>SiMe<sub>2</sub>OMe, -C≡C-SiMe<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>-C≡C-SiMe<sub>3</sub>, or -CHMe-C≡C-SiMe<sub>3</sub>;

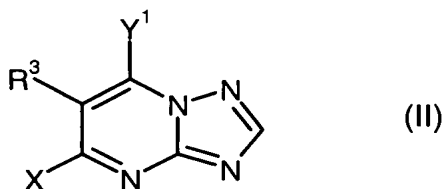
R<sup>3</sup> represents (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-6)-alkenyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkynyl, or (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-cycloalkyl, where each such group is unsubstituted or substituted by one or

more fluorine or chlorine atoms; represents 2,4- or 2,6-disubstituted phenyl, 2-substituted phenyl, or 2,4,6-trisubstituted phenyl; represents pyridyl that is attached in the 2- or 4-position and that is optionally mono- to tetrasubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, methylthio, hydroximinomethyl, hydroximinoethyl, methoximinomethyl, methoximinoethyl, and trifluoromethyl; or represents pyrimidyl that is attached in the 4-position and that is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, methylthio, hydroximinomethyl, hydroximinoethyl, methoximinomethyl, methoximinoethyl, and trifluoromethyl;

R<sup>4</sup> represents H, -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, Cl, or cyclopropyl, and

X represents fluorine, chlorine, CN, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-haloalkyl, OCH<sub>3</sub>, or SCH<sub>3</sub>.

Claim 15 (new): A process for preparing a triazolopyrimidine of formula (I) as claimed in Claim 11 comprising reacting a halotriazolopyrimidine of formula (II)

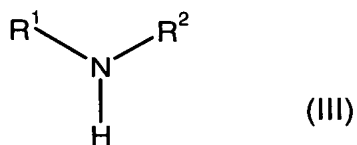


in which

R<sup>3</sup> and X are as defined for formula (I) in Claim 11, and

Y<sup>1</sup> represents halogen,

with an amine of formula (III)



in which R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are as defined for formula (I) in Claim 11, optionally in the presence of a diluent, optionally in the presence of an acid acceptor, and optionally in the presence of a catalyst.



Claim 16 (new): A composition for controlling unwanted microorganisms comprising one or more triazolopyrimidines of formula (I) as claimed in Claim 11 and one or more extenders and/or surfactants.

Claim 17 (new): A composition as claimed in Claim 16 additionally comprising one or more additional fungicidally or insecticidally active compound.

Claim 18 (new): A method for controlling unwanted microorganisms comprising applying an effective amount of a triazolopyrimidine of formula (I) as claimed in Claim 11 to the unwanted microorganisms and/or their habitat.

Claim 19 (new): A method for preparing compositions for controlling unwanted microorganisms comprising mixing one or more triazolopyrimidines of formula (I) as claimed in Claim 11 with one or more extenders and/or surfactants. --